UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO.       | FILING DATE                           | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/672,633            | 10/672,633 09/26/2003 David G. Boyer  |                      | 633-061us           | 8084             |
| 47912<br><b>Avaya</b> | 7590 04/30/201                        |                      | EXAMINER            |                  |
| DEMONT & B            | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                      | MEHRPOUR, NAGHMEH   |                  |
| HOLMDEL, N.           | IS WAY, STE 250<br>J 07733            |                      | ART UNIT            | PAPER NUMBER     |
|                       |                                       |                      | 2617                |                  |
|                       |                                       |                      |                     |                  |
|                       |                                       |                      | NOTIFICATION DATE   | DELIVERY MODE    |
|                       |                                       |                      | 04/30/2010          | ELECTRONIC       |

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

docketing@dblaw.com

|   |  | Applicat  | ion No.  | Applicant(s)  |             |  |
|---|--|---|--|---|-------------|--|
| Office Action Summary   |  | 10/672,6  | 33   | BOYER ET AL.  |             |  |
|   |  | Examine   | r  | Art Unit  |             |  |
|   |  | MELODY  | MEHRPOUR   | 2617  |             |  |
| Period fo   | The MAILING DATE of this commun<br>r Reply   | ication appears on th   | e cover sheet with the c   | correspondence ac   | idress      |  |
| WHIC<br>- Exter<br>after<br>- If NO<br>- Failu<br>Any r   | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M representation of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common period for reply is specified above, the maximum street or reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months are departed term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | IAILING DATE OF T<br>of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no enunication.<br>atutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the ap | HIS COMMUNICATION vent, however, may a reply be tir vill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONE | N.<br>mely filed<br>the mailing date of this o<br>ED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | •           |  |
| Status  |  |   |  |   |             |  |
| 2a)⊠  | Responsive to communication(s) file This action is <b>FINAL</b> .  Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the practi   | 2b)∏ This action is l<br>for allowance excep  | t for formal matters, pro  |   | e merits is |  |
| Dispositi   | on of Claims   |   |  |   |             |  |
| 5)□<br>6)⊠<br>7)□<br>8)□<br><b>Applicati</b><br>9)□   | Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-24 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restrict on Papers The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on is/are.   | re withdrawn from co  | requirement.   | Examiner.   |             |  |
| 11)   | Applicant may not request that any obje<br>Replacement drawing sheet(s) including<br>The oath or declaration is objected to  | the correction is requi   | red if the drawing(s) is ob  | jected to. See 37 C   | , ,         |  |
| Priority u  | ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119  |   |  |   |             |  |
| <ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul> |  |   |  |   |             |  |
| 2)  Notic 3) Inforr   | t <b>(s)</b> e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F<br>nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)<br>r No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/3/10,12/7/09</u> .   | PTO-948)  | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D: 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:                                       | ate   |             |  |

Application/Control Number: 10/672,633 Page 2

Art Unit: 2617

### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement filed reference listed in the information Disclosure Submitted on 12/07/09, 03/03/10 have been considered by the examiner (see attached

PTO-1449

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claims 1-8, 11-13, 16-24, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Agrawal et al.(US Patent 7,447,495 B2).

Regarding claims 1, 12, 17, Agrawal teaches an apparatus/method for delivering a voice mail message to a recipient, comprising:

a memory (col 5 lines 23-39); and

at least one processor, coupled to the memory, operative to (col 5 lines 24-39): receive said voice mail message from a sender (col 6 lines 57-67, col 7 lines 1-2); obtain a presence status of said sender from a presence server (col 7 lines 1-10); and identification of at least one device where the sender is present (col 7 lines 1-10); deliver said voice mail message to said recipient with the sender the indication of presence of the sender (col 6 lines 64-67, col 7 lines 1-2) the indication of a presence of said sender the indication an identification of at least one sender is present (col 7 lines 1-10).

.

Regarding claims 2, 18, Agrawal teaches a method/apparatus wherein said presence server extracts presence information from a plurality of presence data stores (col 7 lines 10-23).

Regarding claims 3, 19, Agrawal teaches a method/apparatus of claim 2, wherein said presence server translates said presence information to a standard format (col 7 lines 10-23).

Regarding claims 4, 20, Agrawal teaches a method/apparatus wherein said presence server determines said presence status of said sender based on one or more rules that aggregate extracted presence information (col 7 lines 22-35).

Regarding claims 5, 21, Agrawal teaches a method/apparatus wherein said recipient responds to said sender in another domain (col 7 lines 22-44).

Regarding claims 6, 22, Agrawal teaches a method/apparatus wherein said presence information indicates if the message sender can be reached at one or more indicated devices (0098, 0102).

Regarding claims 7, Agrawal teaches a method of claim 1, wherein said presence information is obtained from a user registration process (col 7 lines 1-10).

Regarding claims 8, Agrawal teaches a method of claim 1, wherein said presence information is obtained by observing activities of a user (col 8 lines 23-32).

Regarding claims 11, 16, 23, Agrawal teaches a method/apparatus wherein said recipient can respond to said sender using a non-textual form of communication (col 7 lines 2-10).

Regarding claim 13, Agrawal teaches a method of claim 12, wherein said providing step allows said recipient to respond to said sender in another domain (col 7 lines 23-50).

Regarding claim 24, Agrawal teaches an apparatus of claim 17, wherein said presence status indicates a presence status of said sender across a plurality of domains (col 7 lines 23-50).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 9-10, 14-15, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Agrawal (US Patent 7,447,495 B2) in view of Haim (US Patent 6,718,014)

Regarding claims 9, 14, Agrawal fails to teach a method/apparatus wherein said recipient can respond to said sender in real time. However, Haim teaches a method/apparatus wherein said recipient can respond to said sender in real time (col 4 lines 5-15, col 1 lines 8-14). Therefore, it would have been obvious to ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the above teaching of Haim with Agrawal modified, in order to notify the user of the incoming telephone call in

response to the telecommunication interface intercepting the incoming telephone call prior to ringing of the incoming telephone call.

Regarding claims 10, 15, Agrawal fails to teach a method wherein said recipient can respond to said sender in non-real time. Haim teaches a method wherein said recipient can respond to said sender in non-real time (col 1 lines 8-14, col 4 lines 5-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the above teaching of Haim with Agrawal, in order to notify the user of the incoming telephone call in response to the telecommunication interface intercepting the incoming telephone call prior to ringing of the incoming telephone call.

### Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 3/3/10 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to the applicant's that Agrawal fails to teach:

- (1) receive said voice mail message from a sender
- (2) deliver said voice mail message to said recipient with the sender the indication of presence of the sender.

The Examiner asserts that Agrawal teaches a method wherein user presence data can be used in various applications. For example, a buddy list can be presented to an instant messaging user to identify members of the buddy list that are currently available. Alternatively, user presence data can be configured to indicate when a user will become available, or if a user is reachable, but not currently available. **User presence data can be configured to provide alerts as users log on or off an application such as an** 

For example, user presence could indicate that a user is available by cell phone and currently unavailable by desktop. In addition, user presence data can include cell phone status such as data or works mode indications and applications configured to transmit messages appropriately. In a representative example, user actions based on a selected application (such as instant messaging, word processing, email, data communication, works messaging) can be used to establish or update user activity status data (automatically). Such user activity status data is associated with network actions by the user based on actual network use by the user. Communication with other users and/or with applications can be based on user activity status data (delivering a voice mail message to the recipient with an indication of a presence of the sender).

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., voice mail message and the sender's presence information are simultaneously transmitted to the receipt's terminal for display) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

#### Conclusion

5. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

Application/Control Number: 10/672,633 Page 8

Art Unit: 2617

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

### 6. Any responses to this action should be mailed to:

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MELODY MEHRPOUR whose telephone number is 5(571)272-7913. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dwayne Bost be reached (571) 272-7023.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Naghmeh Mehrpour/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2617

April 23, 2010